Michigan Coastal Dunes a heritage worth saving

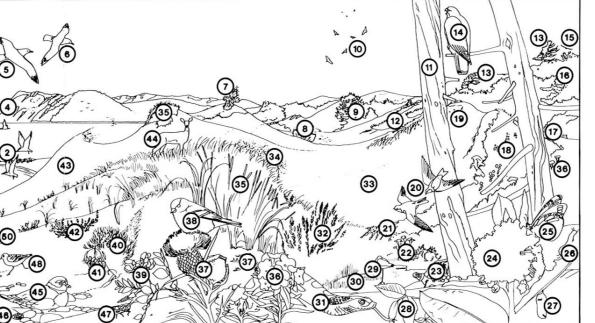


Produced by the Nongame Wildlife Fund, Natural Heritage Program, Wildlife Division, in cooperation with the Press Office, Michigan Department of Natural Resources.

Painting by Gijsbert van Frankenhuyzen

line represent the largest collection of freshwater dunes in the world. The diversity of environmental elements—wildlife, topographic relief, vegetation, habitats, and climatic conditions—occurring within these landforms represent a phenomenon unique to the State of Michigan. The dunes are not only one of the State's most spectacular natural features, they also are one of

Development and recreational pressures are increasing as more and more people seek the unparalleled scenery the dunes provide. This makes it imperative that people understand and appreciate the environmental sensitivity of sand dunes, This poster has been produced as a step toward achieving that goal. It is hoped that people with a heightened understanding of the dune ecosystem, will apply this knowledge when visiting, constructing and living among Michigan's precious sand dunes.



- - Box Turtle
 - 48. Sanderling

26. Monarch Caterpillar27. Monarch Chrysalis

29 Greater Yellow-legs

30. Interdunal Wetland

31. Hognose Snake

32. Dune Willow

35. Marram Grass

39. Beach Pea 40. Wormwood

41. Broom-rape

42. Sea-rocket

43. Foredune

36. Hairy Puccoon 37. Pitcher's Thistle

44. White-tailed Deer

45. Piping Plover

Michigan's wildlife needs your help

Look for the Loon on your state tax form and give to the Nongame Wildlife Fund.

Contributions help pay for critically important work to benefit Michigan' **NONGAME** nonhunted wildlife and endangere plants and animals, including Great Lakes species such as the Piping Plover, Caspian Tern, Cormorant, Houghton's Goldenrod, Pitcher's Thistle Hognose Snake.

The Nongame Wildlife Fund also such as this poster—to promote

